



## Don't Starve Your Hair

Many a Head of Hair, Apparently Healthy, Is Slowly Starving to Death

Hair must have sulphur or die. When the blood fails to supply sulphur in sufficient quantities, the hair loses its color, dies and falls out.

When this condition begins, do not delay. In order to live, the hair must have sulphur, and the only combination containing sulphur that the hair roots will absorb is

**WYETH'S  
SAGE AND SULPHUR  
HAIR REMEDY**

It is the finest Hair Dressing made, and keeps the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. It removes dandruff, stops the hair from coming out, and promotes hair growth.

**It Restores Gray Hair to Natural Color**

PRICE 50c. AND \$1.00 AT ALL DRUGGISTS

If your druggist does not keep it send 50c. in stamps and we will send you a large bottle, express prepaid.

Wyeth Chemical Company, 74 CORTLANDT STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

**FREE** A 25c Cake of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Toilet Soap Free to anyone who will send us this advertisement with 10c in stamps to cover cost of wrapping and mailing the soap.

Special Agent, FRED WENZLER, Plymouth, Ind.

## SMITH REPORTS ON STEEL TRUST

Primarily for Restricting or Preventing Competition.

**STOCK WAS MUCH WATERED**

Prosecution Under Sherman Law Would Probably Be on Score of Controlling Mines and Shipping Facilities.

Washington, July 1. — The reason advanced by officers of the United States Steel corporation for its creation are swept aside by Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, who holds that it was called into being primarily for the purpose of restricting or preventing competition.

In his long-heralded report on the so-called steel trust, the commissioner charges further that the opportunity for reaping a huge promoter's profit was another consideration that led to the launching of this giant corporation.

Commissioner Smith finds, after an investigation that has extended over several years, that the steel corporation when it was organized in 1901 was "heavily overcapitalized."

The entire issue of \$508,000,000 of the common stock, the commissioner declares, had no personal property back of it and from one-fifth to two-fifths of preferred stock was likewise unprotected by tangible assets.

"Even granting," says the commissioner, "that there may have been a considerable value in the intangible consideration it is reasonably clear that at least the entire issue of common stock, except in so far as what may be termed merger value may be considered, represented nothing but 'water.'"

The commissioner finds that in the years that have elapsed since the steel corporation came into existence considerable of the "water" has been squeezed out through additional investments, made partly from earnings. The excess of capitalization over investment at the end of last year as figured by Commissioner Smith was \$231,051,222, as compared with \$720,846,817 of "water" in 1901.

The report is unsparring in its condemnation of the commission paid to the syndicate which underwrote United States Steel. This syndicate, he charges, got \$62,500,000, of which one-half, \$31,250,000, went to J. P. Morgan & Co., as syndicate managers.

The commissioner makes the statement that at least \$150,000,000 of the steel corporation's stock, including \$40,000,000 of the preferred stock in 1901 went directly or indirectly, for promotion or underwriting services. The enormous amount includes, of course, the old commissions allowed promoters of earlier combinations which were finally embraced within the United States Steel corporation.

The bureau of corporations' report clearly indicates that if there is trouble ahead for United States Steel because of the Sherman anti-trust law complications, it is likely to be on the score of the corporation's control of ore deposits and the transportation facilities leading from the ore fields. The commissioner charges that the steel corporation controls 75 per

cent of the "lake ores" on which the present steel industry of the country is based and that this advantage is materially enhanced by the corporation's grip upon the railroad situation. He looks askance at the Great Northern ore lease, apparently viewing it as a move to prevent independent operators from reaching this supply.

As regards the production of steel, the commissioner finds that the relative proportion of the business controlled by the trust has been gradually diminishing since its organization. The corporation, according to the government figures, now controls a little more than 50 per cent of the crude and finished steel production as against 66 per cent in 1901.

**ORDER FOR MRS. M'NIGAL**  
Threatened with Prosecution for Contempt of Court.

Los Angeles, June 29.—Mrs. Ortie McManigal must appear before Judge Walter Bordwell if she is able to leave her bed and answer a citation for contempt of court, based on her refusal to answer certain questions before the grand jury now investigating the Times explosion. The questions will be asked her again and if she still refuses to answer, she may be committed to the county jail for contempt.

McManigal declared that the charges he has made against the McNamaras are true and that he will not repudiate his confession. He asserts that sympathizers have won his wife away from the prosecution by paying her money and giving her assurances of the future and that he is refused an opportunity to see his children in the hope that the refusal will break his resolution to tell the truth.

**BLOOD SACRIFICE TOO MUCH**

Senator Lea, Who Submitted to Transfusion, Returns to Hospital.

Washington, June 29.—Senator Luke Lea of Tennessee, weak from the transfusion of blood in an effort to save his wife's life, has returned to the hospital to remain a few days recuperating.

He overtaxed his strength in resuming his duties with the Lorimer investigating committee, and physicians ordered him to bed.

New Los Angeles Paper. San Francisco, June 29. — Los Angeles on July 4 will have a new 1-cent morning paper, to be published by Eugene F. Ware, ex-commissioner of pensions, who is known by his poetic writings under the pen name of "Ironquill," died here. He was ill only five minutes.

Somebody once asked "Ironquill" why he chose the columns of the Topeka newspapers for his poems and why he didn't find some means of writing for a larger audience. "What's the good of it?" he said. "If the stuff has any vitality a little obscurity won't kill it; and if it hasn't publicity won't keep it alive."

His Companion. "Footnote is a good actor," said a playwright who was criticizing a New York production wherein the hero's part was very badly cast, "and in this part he does his best; but, by Jove, doesn't he remind you of a man trying to play a Tchaikovsky symphony on a typewriter?"

Watch Your Kidneys.

Their action controls your health. Read what Foley's Kidney Pills have done for your neighbor. Mrs. Sadie Gillespie, Huntington, Ind., says, "I have long suffered from severe backache due to kidney troubles, but since using Foley's Kidney Pills I have not been bothered. They have also regulated my kidney action and toned up my system generally and I can recommend them to others bothered as I was, as a very quick and permanent cure."

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is effective for coughs and colds in either children or grown persons. No opiates, no harmful drugs. In the yellow package. Refuse substitutes. For Sale by All Druggists.

THOMAS C. DAWSON  
Iowa Man Recently Appointed  
Diplomatic Officer in Washington.



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## PRESIDENT IN INDIANA

Today He Is Honored Guest of City of Marion.

At Indianapolis Tuesday He Will Make Address on Canadian Reciprocity.

Marion, Ind., July 3.—President William Howard Taft is the guest of this city today. During his stay in Indiana he will speak to the Hoosiers on three subjects: Reciprocity, arbitration and currency reform.

In this city he talked this afternoon at the soldiers' home upon world peace and arbitration, and he will address the local bankers' and editors' associations this evening regarding the Aldrich plan of currency reform.

His Indianapolis speech on Tuesday night before the Marion club will be devoted to reciprocity.

On his way here from Beverly, Mr. Taft suffered as much from the heat as he has at any time this summer in Washington. At Springfield, Mass., a large crowd gathered at the station to greet him. Mr. Taft walked to the platform perspiring profusely and raised his hands against their pleas for a speech.

"It's too hot," he said. "Aunt Della" Torrey left the president's car at Worcester, Mass. She lives in Millbury, Mass., and went from Worcester to her home. Miss Torrey has been away from home since the middle of June, when she came to Washington for the silver wedding.

The president did consent to a short talk at Pittsfield, Mass. They were celebrating the centennial anniversary of the settlement of their town and had invited him to be their guest, but he had been unable to accept.

## EXCITEMENT IN LONDON

Action of Germany in Sending Ship to Agadir Causes Flurry.

London, July 3.—If the whole German high seas fleet had bombarded Tangier and blown it in the air, it could hardly have excited the London press more than has the arrival of the little German ship Panther and her crew of 123 at Agadir.

Such adjectives as dramatic, startling, serious, grave, critical, are plentifully applied to Germany's action and the situation created thereby. Even the few non-German newspapers are shocked into garishness and led type. There is, however, no outburst of abuse, although Germany's plea that her interests are endangered is frankly not believed.

## "IRONQUILL" IS DEAD

Eugene F. Ware, Ex-Commissioner of Pensions, Dies in Colorado Springs.

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 3.—Eugene F. Ware, ex-commissioner of pensions, who was known by his poetic writings under the pen name of "Ironquill," died here. He was ill only five minutes.

Somebody once asked "Ironquill" why he chose the columns of the Topeka newspapers for his poems and why he didn't find some means of writing for a larger audience. "What's the good of it?" he said. "If the stuff has any vitality a little obscurity won't kill it; and if it hasn't publicity won't keep it alive."

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## TILDEN DENIES HE HELD CASH

No Contributions for Lorimer's Election Paid to Him.

**SAYS HE KNEW OF NO FUND**

Withheld Books from Helm Committee Because He Knew There Was Nothing in Them Bearing on Subject.

Washington, June 29. — Before the senate committee investigating the election of William Lorimer, Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing company of Chicago, denied that he was the receiver or custodian of contributions to a Lorimer corruption fund.

Mr. Tilden was mentioned in the testimony of Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester company, as the person to whom Edward Hines, of the Edward Hines Lumber company, asked Mr. Funk to send a \$10,000 contribution.

Mr. Tilden having denied any knowledge of allegations of corruption in Lorimer's election, he said that his company had not contributed any money nor had he ever received contributions from any person or corporation to be used in Mr. Lorimer's behalf.

Tilden said he was interested as a depositor and stockholder in two or three hundred banks in this country and treat Britain. He added that he was treasurer of about thirty corporations. He maintained five personal bank accounts in Chicago and New York.

"How many corporations are you president of?" inquired Senator Kenyon.

"I don't know," replied Tilden. At the request of counsel for the committee Tilden gave a list of the banks and packing corporations in which he was interested. The members of the committee also took an interest in the private and personal books kept by Tilden. These records, Mr. Tilden said, were "incomplete."

"Do you know anything about the allegations of corruption at Springfield when a United States senator was elected in 1909?" was asked.

"Nothing except what I read in the newspapers," Tilden replied.

Mr. Tilden said he refused to obey the order of the Helm committee of the Illinois legislature to produce his personal books and records because he regarded them as his private property and also because he assured the members of the committee that they contained nothing bearing in any way on the Lorimer case.

"I know," replied Mr. Tilden, "that there was nothing in my books bearing upon the election of Senator Lorimer. I made this statement under oath and did not regard it as fair for the committee to go through my books."

Rush Culver, former mayor of Marquette, Mich., John McLeod of Buffalo, Hugh McLean of North Tonawanda, N. Y., and William F. McKnight, an attorney of Grand Rapids, and former Democratic national committeeman, testified before Tilden was called. They all denied knowledge of alleged corruption in Senator Lorimer's election and stated that they had never heard Hines say that money had been used in Lorimer's election.

## ARBITRATION TREATY READY

President Taft and Ambassador Bryce Agree Upon Important Points.

Washington, June 29. — It was announced at the White House that the Anglo-American arbitration treaty has been agreed upon in every important provision, there now remaining only a few minor details for settlement before the state department and the British foreign office. Ambassador Bryce called upon President Taft and the announcement was made following a conference between the two.

The final negotiations in the work of smoothing out the unimportant points of difference between the state department and the British foreign office will be begun at once and it is hoped that the treaty will be ready for submission to the senate at this session.

## FAILS TO PROTECT NIAGARA

House Not to Consider Senator Burton's Extension Resolution.

Washington, June 29. — The house will not consider at this session of congress Senator Burton's resolution providing for a two years' extension of the act for the preservation of Niagara Falls, which act expires by limitation today.

The administration, meantime, will leave the situation at the falls unchanged.

"Wets" Win in Utah Towns.

Salt Lake City, Utah, June 29.—Of 110 cities and towns in Utah that voted on the prohibition of the sale of liquor twenty-three voted "wet." In this city the vote stood: "Wet," 14,648; "dry," 9,328. Ogden, the second city in the state, gave a majority of 1,662 in favor of the "wets."

LADIES: Our remedy MOVA instantly stops all Sickens and Vomiting of expectant mothers. Dispensed for fifteen years. Contains no alcohol. Guarantee: Price paid refunded if first bottle does not benefit you. Footstap in plain wrapper for 50 cents, by HARRIS-BARNES MEDICINE CO., South Bend, Ind.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## HARVARD WINS BOAT RACE

Contest Is a Procession with Yale Clearly Outclassed.

New London, Conn., July 1.—Rushing to the front almost with the first stroke, Harvard's varsity crew led Yale all the way down the four-mile course on the Thames river here and won by more than fourteen lengths. It was a procession with Yale outclassed from start to finish.

In fact, the New Haven crew made such a distressing showing that after the first half-mile had been rowed interest was lost, save for the bubbling joy of the great army of crimson men from Cambridge.

Mother Slays Children and Herself. Lockney, Tex., July 1. — Searchers found the body of Mrs. Maude McCrary of Los Angeles, Cal., hanging from a windmill in the rear of a house she had been occupying and the bodies of her three children, with their throats cut, in the weeds near the dwelling. The woman left a letter which indicated that she was unbalanced.

## Kidney Diseases Are Curable

Under certain conditions. The right medicine must be taken before the disease has progressed too far. Mr. Perry A. Pitman, Dale, Texas, says: "I was down in bed for four months with kidney and bladder trouble and gall stones. One bottle of Foley's Kidney Remedy cured me well and sound. Ask for it. For Sale by All Druggists."

## Sixty-five at Dinner.

Members of the Slough family from various parts of Indiana and Michigan gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Long, 8 miles south of South Bend Thursday for the sixth annual reunion. Covers were laid for 65 at dinner.

The next meeting of the family will be held on the first Thursday of August, 1912, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Otis Slough, Bourbon, Ind.

## Hay Fever and Summer Colds

Must be relieved quickly and Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E. M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago, writes: "I have been greatly troubled during the hot summer months with Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound I get great relief." Many others who suffer similarly will be glad to benefit by Mr. Stewart's experience. For Sale by All Druggists.

## Sale of Collier's Stopped.

Boston, July 1.—The sale of the current issue of Collier's Weekly was stopped in Boston by order of the police because it had advertising on a representation of the American flag in colors on the first page, in violation of the laws of the state.

## Banner Connecticut Peach Crop.

New Haven, Conn., July 1.—Advice received here from the more important centers of the peach raising industry of the state point to a banner crop for this year.

## Those Who Take Foley Kidney Pills

For their kidney and bladder ailments, and for annoying urinary irregularities are always grateful both for the quick and permanent relief they afford, and for their tonic and strengthening effect as well. Try Foley Kidney Pills. For Sale by All Druggists.

## One Dead; Two Hurt in Auto.

Pittsburg, July 1.—A man believed to have been J. F. Trueman, was killed and Edward Ward and Charles Irwin of this city were fatally hurt in an automobile accident near Bradstock.

## Happiest Girl in Lincoln.

A Lincoln, Neb., girl writes, "I had been ailing for some time with chronic constipation and stomach trouble. I began taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and in three days I was able to be up and got better right along. I am the proudest girl in Lincoln to find such a good medicine." For sale by All Dealers.

## Record for Bread.

It is said that the world's time record in harvesting, thrashing, and milling wheat and baking it into bread was made at Beloit, Kansas, Thursday. The time used in doing

Right in your busiest season when you have the least time to spare you are most likely to take diarrhoea and lose several days' time, unless you have Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand and take a dose on the first appearance of the disease. For sale by All Dealers.

Dr. Eikenberry, the specialist, after July 1st will not be in his office at Plymouth every week during the summer. The dates of his days here will be announced in this paper.

Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed and cannot be obtained when on board the cars or steamships. For sale by All Dealers.

Mrs. Jonathan Wilson and B. J. Cramer left Saturday for Goshen to which place they were called on account of the illness of the former's daughter.

## CONFLICT SEEN IN TESTIMONY

Witnesses in Lorimer Case Disagree as to Facts.

**ACTION FOR PERJURY POSSIBLE**

Assertions of Funk and Cook Are Denied by Hines—Affidavits of Marquette Men Also Disputed by Him.

Washington, July 3.—An amazing conflict in the testimony of witnesses thus far heard by the Lorimer investigating committee of the senate is revealed, a clash which was responsible for Senator Kenyon's suggestion that "there ought to be prosecutions for perjury right here." This committee has left the room in the senate office building, where the hearings have been held, to meet again on Thursday, July 13, in the same place.

On the one hand are the assertions of Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester company, that Hines asked for a contribution of \$10,000 to reimburse an expense of \$100,000 in "putting Lorimer over," and of W. H. Cook that Hines said in his hearing over the long distance telephone that he would take down to Springfield all the money required.

There also are affidavits of four men as to a conversation at Marquette, Mich., in which Hines is alleged to have boasted of electing Lorimer and to have spoken of an expenditure of \$100,000 in this connection.

Mr. Funk's testimony was confirmed by Cyrus H. McCormick and Edgar A. Bancroft, president and general counsel respectively of the International Harvester company, and H. H. Kohlhaas, editor of the Chicago Record-Herald, to whom he had related the conversation to the first two named immediately after its occurrence and to Kohlhaas some time later.

Mr. Hines admitted meeting Mr. Funk at the Union League club, where the harvester manager said the conversation occurred. He admitted meeting Cook in the latter's room, from which the long distance telephone conversation testified to by the Duluth lumberman occurred.

Mr. Hines denied absolutely that he asked Mr. Funk for any contribution and asserted on the other hand that the latter expressed a desire to pay a share of Lorimer's "legitimate and honorable campaign expenses." He did not testify to any such proposal when he appeared before the Helm committee at Springfield at that time denying emphatically he ever had heard of any suggestion of money in connection with Mr. Lorimer's election.

Mr. Hines denied also he had called last February at Mr. Funk's office and attempted to place an innocent interpretation upon the Union League conversation as testified to by the harvester man. He swore he was constantly in Washington from Jan. 31 to Feb. 4, in 1909.

## NEWS IN SUNDAY'S PAPERS

President again declared for general parcels post.

Wife of Theodore P. Shonts, New York traction magnate, has begun suit for separation.

Perlin mystified by failure of American government to send Ambassador Hill's recall papers.

Steamship companies and men came to partial agreement at Liverpool and end of strike is seen.

San Francisco was thrown into a panic by new earthquake that was so severe it rocked buildings.

Interstate commerce commission ordered investigation of all the express companies in the United States.

Lorimer inquiry adjourned until July 13 at Washington. Hines and his aids revealed a conflict of testimony.

## EARTHQUAKE DAMAGE SLIGHT

Shocks of Saturday Affected Wide Area but Not Seriously.

San Francisco, July 3.—Forty-eight hours have elapsed since the earthquake shocks of Saturday and reports from the shaken territory do not bring intelligence of any considerable damage done.

In San Francisco, Oakland, and other cities in the affected area, panic seized upon crowds in stores and restaurants, and there was a pell-mell exodus from the large buildings. It was felt to the northwest of Sacramento, to the east to Carson and Reno, Nev., the former place experiencing the heaviest shock in its history.

## How He Won the Votes.

A physician in a small town wanted to be mayor. Politicians told him he had no chance—the machine was against him. A few days before the election he printed the following card in the paper:

"To the People of Blount—I am getting old and have decided that before I die I would like to be mayor of Blount. I have no particular platform to run on except that I want the office. I have lived here forty years, have paid my taxes without a murmur, collected what I could and forgiven and forgotten many omissions. If I am not elected I will publish in the Blount Herald what I know about people in this community."

When the votes were counted the old doctor received all but three, and those three were cast by people who had moved into the town that spring—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.



## DROP IN

Our office is always open. We have some exceptionally good bargains in farms and other real estate. We will guarantee that

YOU WILL NOT GET BUMPED

if you make a deal with us. The best asset of our Real Estate business is the large number of satisfied customers. For our mutual good we are anxious to add your name to the list. W. H. ROBERTS, Packard Bldg.

## BUSINESS CARDS

**J. A. MOLTER**

Money to loan on Farms a specialty

Plymouth, Indiana

**G. F. HITCHCOCK,**

**DENTIST**

All kinds of Dental work such as Crowns, Bridge work, Plates and Fillings of any kind. Over over Marshall Co. Trust & Savings Co. Bldg.

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Surgeon to the Pennsylvania, Vandalia and Lake Shore Railroads.

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1 to 5:30 P. M. Office 402

7 to 8:30 P. M. Residence 50

**DR. H. P. PRESTON**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Special Attention given to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Glasses fitted.

OFFICE: OVER BALL & CO

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## Eyes Examined Free

and Headaches Prevented

EST. 1900

**J. BURKE OPTICIAN**

Glasses fitted at moderate prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

**DR. J. BURKE & CO., Optometrists**

220 South Michigan Street, South Bend, Indiana

Established 1900.

All Suits from now on

will be made at a great

reduced price.

**BERGMAN, the Tailor.**